(iii) superstructure, and
(iv) all subsequent work.

18. The Health Inspectors and the Executive Officer of the Municipality shall be competent to inspect buildings under construction at all reasonable hours during the day and where a license has been granted to satisfy themselves that the work under progress is in conformity with the terms of the license and not contrary to the bye-laws.

19. *Drainage to be provided in certain cases.*—In localities where facilities for drainage and daily conservancy have not been created on account of such localities not having been taken up for laying them out into house sites, no dwelling houses shall be constructed unless sufficient facilities for drainage and daily conservancy are provided by the owner of the land to the satisfaction of the Municipal Council.

20. *Area of the site built upon.*—As a rule, on all sites measuring 100′ × 100′ or more, on more than half the site shall be built upon. In other cases no more than two-thirds of the site shall be built upon. In the case of sites and houses abutting upon the roads hereunder specified, the Municipal Council may, in its discretion, allow a large extent than half or two-thirds to be built upon. Houses shall not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other, except when the width of the site is less than 40 feet. Wherever practicable a minimum clear space as fixed by the Municipal Council shall be left between every two houses. The minimum in no case shall be less than five feet wide.

21. *Prohibition of mud walls.*—Within the town limits no wall of any building shall, except with the permission of the Municipal Council, be made of mud alone.

22. *Building plot to be levelled.*—The building plot of every building shall be levelled in such manner that rain water may rapidly drain off into a water course of a municipal drain.

23. *General.*—No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

24. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

25. Every house shall have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable material shall be used for construction.

26. No person shall construct over a privy, new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy, or a bathing place or bath room.

27. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these bye-laws or the requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice in writing, of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

28. *Notice of Completion of Building.*—Every person who shall erect a building shall, within one month after the completion of the erection of such building deliver or send or cause to be delivered or sent to the President at his office, notice in writing of the completion of the erection of such building.

29. *Special Conditions to Individual Cases.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in these bye-laws it shall be within the discretion of the Municipal Council to attach special conditions to individual cases under Section 112 (2) provided that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Act.

30. Every place, other than a water closet or bath room, situated within any house, building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of nature or for keeping human excreta, shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

31. Every person who shall erect a new building as Chattrams, Agraharams and tenements, etc., shall, in connection with such buildings construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the Municipal Council:

Provided the number of privies shall not, in any case, be less than two, one for men and another for women.

32. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such

33. The floor of every latrine shall be made of cement or of asphalt or of bastard asphalt and laid on a bed of concrete, three inches thick, and shall be so sloped, drained and constructed as to carrying away the fluid with facility into the latrine drain.

34. Every latrine shall be provided with a seat so made as to compel the excreta to fall entirely into a suitable pan or receptacle of sufficient capacity placed beneath it.

35. The walls and other masonry of the building shall be stone in chunam mortar and plastered with cement of half inch in thickness, from the floor level up to the height of two feet above the seat level.

36. Every latrine shall be provided with a separate entrance, if required by the Municipal Council for the entry of scavengers for the purpose of conservancy.

37. Every latrine shall be provided with a 'U' shaped cemented drain sufficiently large, well laid and water-tight to prevent its contents from overflowing or stagnating or soaking into the ground. Such drains shall terminate with an iron pipe so that the contents of the drain may fall directly into a receptacle or a Municipal drain.

38. All such drains shall be so constructed as to discharge their contents in a proper manner—

(i) into a municipal drain approved by the Municipa Council;

(ii) into a movable receptacle or bucket kept in the cistern constructed at the extremity of the drain approved by the Municipal Council.

39. Every person who shall construct a cesspool in connection with a privy, shall construct such a cesspool in such a manner, and in such a position as to afford ready means of access to such cesspool and of removing the contents thereof and in such a manner and in such a position as to admit of the contents of such cesspool being removed therefrom and from the premises to which such cesspool may belong without being carried through any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person may be or may intend to be employed in any manufacture, trade or business.

40. Every person who shall construct a cesspool, shall construct the same upon such site or in such manner and with such materials only as shall be approved of by the Municipal Council.

41. He shall construct such cesspool in such a manner that it shall have a capacity of not less than ten cubic feet and in any case where there are more than three seats in the privy, in such a manner that it shall have a capacity of not less than three cubic feet for every seat in such privy.

42. Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of bye-laws Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28 and 30 to 41 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

ABDUL KHALAK,
1940 *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, TUMKUR.

Notification dated 25th March 1953.

No. H.C. 75—52-53. It is hereby notified under Section 48 (3) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, for the information of the inhabitants of the Tumkur Town, that the Municipal Council, Tumkur, have resolved at their General Meeting held on 31st January 1953, to introduce in the municipal limits, the undermentioned bye-laws and rules drafted by the Council on the basis of the concerned Model Rules and Bye-laws made by the Government in exercise of the powers conferred by appropriate sections in the *Mysore Gazette*, under notification noted against each bye law and rule.

Objections or suggestions, if any, reasonably to the introduction of the Bye-laws and Rules, under this Notification may be preferred in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Tumkur, within one month from the date of this notification; after that date objections or suggestions will not be considered.

Draft Bye-laws and Rules referred to in this notification are available in the Municipal Office for inspection during the office hours on working days.

1. Bye-laws regulating the use of Public Bathing

(*m*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act No. XXII of 1951), as per Model Bye-laws framed by Government in their Notification No. L. 9949—Ml. 152–52–7, dated 24th September 1952.

2. Bye-laws regarding levy of Tolls framed by Tumkur Town Municipal Council, under Section 48 (1) (*z*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951) as per Model Bye-laws framed by Government in their Notification No. L. 13157—Ml. 152-52-15, dated 14th November 1952.

3. Bye-laws for regulating the use of slaughter houses for slaughtering animals in Town Municipalities framed by Tumkur Town Municipal Council, under section 48 (1) (*a*) and (*b*) read with Section 151 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951), as per Model Bye-laws framed by Government in their Notification No. L. 11702—Ml. 152–52–10, dated 20th October 1952.

4. Rules prescribing the fees to be charged for the temporary occupation of or the erection of temporary structures on public streets or for projections over public streets, etc., framed by the Tumkur Town Municipal Council, under Section 46 (1) (*i*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act XXII of 1951), as per Model Rules framed by Government in their Notification No. L. 10072—Ml. 152-52-6, dated 24th September 1952.

5. Rules for the levy and recovery of lighting tax framed by the Tumkur Town Municipal Council under Section 46 (1) (*h*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act of 1951), as per Model Rules framed by the Government in their Notification No. L. 14232—Ml. 153-52-16, dated 24th November 1952.

6. Rules for the levy and recovery of water tax framed by the Tumkur Town Municipal Council under Section 46 (1) (*h*) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act of 1951), and as per Model Rules framed by Government in their Notification No. L. 14113—Ml. 152-52-17, dated 24th November 1952.

K. V. PUTTAGANGIAH,
1952 *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKNAYAKANAHALLY.

Notification dated 13th March 1953.

No. Hc. 86—52-53. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of the Chikkanayakanahally Town, that the Town Municipal Council, Chiknayakanahally having resolved at their ordinary general meeting held on 22nd February 1953 to bring into force in this Town the Draft Bye-laws for the Regulation of Business at the Municipal Markets and the leavy of fee in Chikkanayakanahalli Town as framed by Government under Section 48 (1) read with Section 80 (3) of the Mysore Town Municipalites Act, 1951. The Draft Bye-laws are also kept in the office for inspection by the public on all working days during office hours. Any inhabitant of this Town desiring to objecting to the adoption of these Bye-laws or suggestions with respect to the Draft Bye-laws may prefer his objection by any person should communicate in writing the same to the president within one month from the date of publication of this notification. Any objection or suggestion received after the due date will not be taken into consideration.

Draft Bye-laws framed by the Chiknayakanahally Town Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) read with Section 80 (3) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act of 1951 for the regulation of Business at the Municipal Markets and the leavy of fees at Chiknayakanahally Town.

1 (*i*) These Bye-laws are called the Chiknayakanahally Town Municipal Market Bye-laws.

(*ii*) In these Bye-laws 'Municipal' Market or 'Market' means the place set apart by the Municipality as a Market and includes the place set apart by the Municipality for the weekly shandy.

2 (*i*) The Municipal market shall not be open for use by the public before 6 A.M. and after 8 P.M. on any day.

(*ii*) No person shall soll meat or fish in any stalls except those specifically set apart for the purpose.

3 Every person opening a shop in the Municipal Market shall pay the fee in accordance with the rates specified in the schedule below to these Bye-laws.

4 Every shop keeper or other vender shall remove his goods before or within 15 minutes after the time of closing the market.

5 Every shop-keeper or other vender shall maintain all scales weights and measures used or to be used in the market in a clean and proper order.

6 No person shall encroach upon any area in the market not specifically allotted to him for his shop.

7 No person shall be entitled to make use of any one place in the Municipal Market permanently without the written permission of the President and the President may permit the use of any one place permanently by any person on payment by him of a fixed rent for a period of not less than three months.

8 Unclaimed articles found by any person within the limits of the Municipal Market shall be handed over to the custody of the police.

9 No person shall create a disturbance in the market by singing or beating of *tom tom* or by the use of musical instruments or by quarelling or by using abusive language.

10 No person shall enter or loiter in any Municipal market for the purpose of begging.

11 No person shall bring a dog into the Municipal Market.

12 No person suffering from leprosy or other loathsome or contageous disease shall enter the market nor shall such a person trade in the Market.

13 No person shall answer calls of nature or commit any other nuisance within the limits of the Municipal Market.

14 The Municipal or Police Officer on duty in the Market may expel from the Municipal Market any person who is found drunk or begging or who is a lunatic or who contravenes Bye-law No. 9.

15 No person shall trade in the Market unless he is in possession of the receipt for having paid the rate of Market fee specified in the schedules to these Bye-laws.

16 No person shall smoke or drink, or do any thing which causes intoxication and no person shall spit or throw fruit piece or pieces of vegetables in the Market except at the places specially set apart for those purposes.

17 Any person who infringes any of the above Bye-laws shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees ten.

SCHEDULE

		Rs.	a.	p.
1	Shops	0	2	0
2	Carts laden	0	2	0
3	Carts empty	0	1	3
4	Piece Goods each shop	0	1	0
5	Bull Bullock, Horse, Ass, Mules laden or uuladen	0	1	0
6	Sheep or Goat each	0	0	0
7	Cock or hen each	0	0	3
8	Fish shop each	0	0	6
9	Mutton shop each	0	4	3
10	Head load each	0	0	0
11	Cocoanuts, plantains each shop	0	1	3
12	Flowers shop each	0	0	3
13	Jaggery each basket	0	0	3
14	Other fruit baskets each	0	0	0
15	Other business in the basket each	0	0	3
16	One bundle hay	0	0	3
17	Green grass one head load	0	0	3
18	Baskets with oil pots each	0	0	3
19	Other shops each	0	0	6

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Notification dated 13th March 1953.

No. H.C. 87—52-53. It is hereby notified for the information of the public of the Chiknaikanahalli, Town, that the Town Municipal Council, Chiknaikanahalli have resolved at their general meeting held on 22nd February 1953 to bring into force in this town the draft bye-laws and rules for the levy of toll on vehicles entering the limits of Chiknaikanahalli Town Municipality as framed by Government under Section 46 (1) (h) read with Section 61 (b) (iii) of Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951. The draft bye-laws and rules are also kept in the office for inspection by the public on all working days during the office hours. Any inhabitant of this town desiring to object to the adoption of these bye-laws and rules or suggestions with respect to the draft bye-laws and rules may prefer his objection in writing the same to the President within one